GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

REPORT ON AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Directors The Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority Wildwood, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority, State of New Jersey, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority, State of New Jersey, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis* identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority's basic financial statements. The Other Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Other Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 21, 2020 on our consideration of the Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ford, Scott & Associates, L.L.C.

FORD, SCOTT & ASSOCIATES, L.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Leon P. Costello

Leon P. Costello Certified Public Accountant Registered Municipal Accountant No. 393

July 21, 2020

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GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY ("Authority") provides an introduction to the major activities affecting the operations of the Authority. The MD&A also provides an introduction and overview to the financial performance and statements of the Authority for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017. The information contained in the MD&A should be considered in conjunction with the Authority's basic financial statements beginning on page 16.

The Authority's basic financial statements comprise two components: 1) proprietary fund basic financial statements, and 2) notes to those basic financial statements which are essential to a full understanding of the data contained in the basic financial statements. The supplementary information following the basic financial statements and notes thereto contains detailed and separate information pertaining to the Authority's operations.

Regarding supplementary information, of particular note the Authority reports a *Schedule of Operating Revenues and Costs Funded by Operating Revenues Compared to Budget* (Schedule 1). That schedule compares the "actual" revenue and expenses to "budget" revenue and expenses, including operating revenues and expenses, and non-operating revenues and expenses where applicable.

The "Budget versus Actual" statement for the Authority's program is a very important tool for staff, as it measures the Authority's financial and operational performance, particularly as it compares to the Annual Budget as adopted by the Authority's Board and approved by the state of New Jersey, Department of Community Affairs.

For the purpose of the Management Discussion and Analysis, the ensuing discussion will review the official statements of the Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority, those prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to enterprise or proprietary funds of state and local governments. These are the Authority's basic financial statements discussed above.

Pronouncement

The Authority has adopted GASB No. 1 through 80 and related interpretations issued through December 31, 2019. GASB statement 34, and subsequent statements and interpretations require certain terminology, format and content, as well as inclusion of management's discussion and analysis of supplementary information.

Program

The Authority and tourism district was created by the three local municipalities of the Wildwoods, North Wildwood, Wildwood, and Wildwood Crest on July 1, 1993 pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:54D 1-44. The act allowed the district to impose a 2% tourism tax on the rental of hotel/motel rooms, prepared food and beverage and certain admissions related to amusements and entertainment. The tax is collected by the State of New Jersey and remitted to the Authority in the form of a check. Those businesses that did not fall under the 2% Tourism Tax were responsible for the payment of a Tourism Development Fee (TDF) as their contribution to the Authority's funding. The TDF was billed to each business along with the mercantile license bill sent out by each municipality.

The Authority's first meeting was held in July of 1994 with the purpose of "providing appropriate public facilities, fixtures and improvements necessary to promote, sustain and expand tourism, to finance the acquisition and/or construction, operation maintenance and support of a convention center facility and to promote, sponsor events and advertise the Greater Wildwoods as a tourist destination and to express opinions and recommendations, when appropriate, to enhance the local tourism climate."

In 1998, Governor Christine Todd Whitman, through state legislation, mandated the New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority (NJSEA) to oversee the construction of a new convention center in Wildwood, NJ. This \$70 M project was funded by the State of New Jersey. However, the operations, maintenance, sales and marketing efforts of the facility were the responsibility of the NJSEA and their local agent, the Authority. Because of this requirement, 90% of the 2% tourism tax was redirected, by state legislation, to the NJSEA to help offset the costs of operating the new facility.

In May of 2002 acting as the agent for the NJSEA, the Authority opened the new \$70 million convention center in the Wildwoods. The Authority continues to act as the agent for the NJSEA in operating the Wildwoods Convention Center and oversees all day to day operations of the facility.

The Authority, following the completion of an asset assumption agreement with the NJSEA in 1998 that left it with no funds, realized that it's funding for advertising and promotions for the Wildwoods as a vacation destination, as well as its funding for events and event support had been critically impacted by the legislation mandated by Governor Whitman. The Authority then began work with the business organizations in the Wildwoods on a solution that was to become known as Phase II funding.

A funding strategy was developed and endorsed which would do the following:

- 1. Implement a new 1.85% tourism assessment on the rental of hotel/motel rooms;
- 2. Remove the existing cap on tourism development fees.
- 3. Allow for the food and beverage industry to pay a TDF along with all of the other businesses in the three communities.

The objective of this plan was to ensure that all businesses and rental properties that benefit from increased tourism and events contribute equitably to the Phase II funding initiative.

Phase II tourism funding was approved by the New Jersey Legislature on August 14, 2002 and subsequently by the three municipalities of the Wildwoods. In April 2003 the first part of the phase two funding began with the addition of a 1.85% tourism assessment on hotel/motel room rentals.

Following up on this in 2004 the Authority took over the collection of tourism development fees (TDF's) from the cities of Wildwood and North Wildwood, Wildwood Crest chose to continue collecting the TDF's itself. During 2004 and 2005 the Authority collected roughly 60% of the amounts billed out to Wildwood and North Wildwood. The low collection rate resulted from the Authority's lack of ability to legally enforce collections of the TDF's. As a result, the Authority and the three municipalities in early 2006 agreed that the municipalities would take back the responsibility for the collections. As part of the agreement to help offset the administrative costs to the municipalities the Authority agreed to a structure under which each municipality would receive collection fees based on the gross amount of TDF's collected by all three municipalities.

The legislation provided that one half of the 1.85% tourism assessment collected in 2003 be returned equally to the three municipalities to offset beach maintenance appropriations. However, in 2004, in order for the three municipalities to continue to receive 50% of the tourism assessment collected, the municipalities needed to address their local tourism development fee structure and raise fees to equal the amount they collected in 2003 from the 1.85% tourism assessment. Going forward the municipalities can receive a maximum of one half of the 1.85% tourism assessment collections provided the gross amount collected from TDF's exceeds half of that number after the fulfillment of the Authorities obligation under the Omnibus agreement to the City of Wildwood.

With the implementation of the new 1.85% tourism assessment, it was agreed that the hotel/motel industry could not, and should not bear the burden of this new funding alone. Therefore, it was necessary to equitably distribute the responsibility of this new funding throughout the entire business community.

In August 2011 the City of Wildwood's financial resources to cover maintenance of the bathrooms on the Boardwalk and sufficient police presence at the growing number of special events held on the island and promoted by the Authority could no longer be sustained. As a result the Authority developed a plan to insure the Wildwoods remained a safe, clean and friendly tourist destination. The Authority again brought the 3 Municipalities together and developed a Memorandum of Understanding dated March 23, 2012 that allowed the Municipalities to increase the amount collected in TDF's. With the increase and through its event support budget, the Authority could allocate those additional TDF funds generated back to each Municipality and the Boardwalk Special Improvement District subject to certain collection criteria. In 2012 the 3 Municipalities implemented the new fee structure; however, North Wildwood had already sent out their 2012 bills and received most of their collections. Despite this fact the Authority realized a 40% increase in collections allowing the Authority to return approximately \$350,000 in funding for public health and safety. The MOU has remained in place through 2019, with all 3 Municipalities collecting under the latest fee structure. In 2019, there was a 3% decrease in overall collections and the Authority returned approximately \$398,974 in funding for public health and safety.

In 2007 The Authority undertook a capital project to enhance the entranceway to the Wildwoods. The project cost totaled \$1,050,000 and was approved by the Local Finance Board in 2005. It was submitted and approved as part of the Authority's budget in 2007. The project was funded by a \$600,000 bond drawn on Crest Savings Bank, a grant totaling \$291,750 from the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority and \$158,250 from the Authority's operating cash reserves. The project consists of an entranceway, turnaround, ramp and Wildwoods sign located between Ocean Avenue and the Boardwalk at Rio Grande Avenue. The Authority decided against bidding advertising rights on the sign in 2008 as they did not want any commercial involvement in the entranceway. Also in 2008 additional capital investment totaling \$21,730 was made. \$16,480 of that money was for placement of two street lights that were needed as a matter of safety.

Tourism Revenue/Structure

The 2% tourism tax is remitted by entities subject to the tax as outlined above along with their regular monthly sales tax to the State of New Jersey. The tax is due to the State by the 20th day of the month following the month for which the tax collection is for. The 2% portion of the tax is then split 90 -10 in accordance with the legislation passed and an omnibus agreement in place between the Authority, the NJSEA, and the three municipalities of the Wildwoods. 90% goes to the NJSEA to offset operating costs associated with the Wildwoods Convention Center. The remaining 10% is given to the Authority for the promotion of the tourism district. The 10% is received in the form of a check from the State with roughly a two month lag. The chart below shows a 10 year history of revenues generated from the tourism tax in its entirety.



10 Year History - 2% Tourism Tax

Tourism Assessment Revenue/Structure

Tourism assessment means an assessment on the rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a hotel subject to taxation pursuant to subsection (d) of section 3 of the "Sales and Use Tax Act" P.L. 1966. Collection of the 1.85% tax began in April 2003, the collection process is the same as that of the tourism tax, however all the revenues generated by the 1.85% tax go to the Authority for the promotion of the district as a tourist destination. The Authority at year end then disperses by check the portion of the 1.85% assessment that the municipalities are entitled to in accordance with the terms of the phase II funding legislation. Using 2004 as a base year the TDF collections amounted to 78% of the 1.85% tax. For the years 2005 through 2008 the municipalities

would have been entitled to receive 78% of the 50% available funds for disbursement. With the changes in 2006 to the collection of TDF's the municipalities are again entitled to a maximum of 50% of the 1.85% collections after payment of the Authority's obligation to the City of Wildwood as outlined in the omnibus agreement signed by GWTIDA, NJSEA and the three municipalities of the Wildwoods in 1998. They are not restricted by the base year calculation that was used in 2004 and 2005. The chart below shows a history of the 1.85% tax.



10 Year History - 1.85% Hospitality Tax

With the changes to the TDF structure in 2012 it is likely that the Municipalities will continue to receive full entitlement to their share of the 1.85% tax in the future as long as they comply with the legislation in place. Below is a chart showing the distribution of the eligible portion of the 1.85% tax for 2019, 2018 and 2017.







Tourism Development Fee Revenue/Structure

Tourism Development Fees have been in place since the District was formed in 1993, however with the approval of phase II funding in 2002 changes took place aimed at making the assessments more fair and equitable. Up until 2003 these fees were collected by the Municipalities and given to the Authority in November of the year they were collected.

With the changes that took place and the significance of the impact of these changes on the Authority, the Authority hired a Tourism Development Fee Administrator in early 2004. The TDF Administrator was responsible for all billing and collection of TDF fees in Wildwood and North Wildwood. In 2006 the Municipalities again took over the billing and collection process. Our administrator works closely with the municipalities in helping them update their TDF databases and ensuring that those entities subject to the assessments are reporting their business activities accurately to the Municipalities when they obtain their mercantile licenses. Because monies generated from the collection of these fees is dedicated to be used solely for the funding of local events and event support the monies are kept in a separate fund and beginning in 2004 our financial statements reflected both a general fund and a TDF fund. A history of the collection of these fees between 2004 and 2011 is shown below.



8 Year History - Phase II Tourism Development Fees

In 2012 with the introduction of the Memorandum of Understanding between the Authority and the Municipalities that resulted in increased fees we saw collections rise to \$1.18 million. The table below shows the amount collected from TDF's in 2019, 2018 and 2017 along with the amount returned to each Municipality in event support outlined below.

2019:

Municipality	Revenues Collected	Shared Revenues
Wildwood	\$568,215	\$249,658*
North Wildwood	\$373,949	\$99,658
Wildwood Crest	\$286,275	\$49,658
Total Collections:	\$1,228,439	\$398,439

2018:

Municipality	Revenues Collected	Shared Revenues
Wildwood	\$594,135	\$261,419*
North Wildwood	\$380,652	\$111,419
Wildwood Crest	\$293,225	\$61,419
Total Collections:	\$1,268,012	\$434,257

2017:

Municipality	Revenues Collected	Shared Revenues
Wildwood	\$468,725	\$220,456*
North Wildwood	\$388,348	\$70,456
Wildwood Crest	\$288,006	\$20,456
Total Collections:	\$1,145,079	\$311,369

*Includes \$75,000 paid to the Boardwalk Special Improvement District in 2017, 2018 and 2019.

Required Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements of the Authority report information about the Authority using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies, consistent with New Jersey statutes. Specifically, the financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by GASB. Accordingly, the Authority recognizes revenues when earned, not received. Expenses are recognized when incurred, not when they are paid.

The Statement of Net Position, the first required statement, and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, the second required statement, report information about the Authority's financial condition. The Authority's net position, i.e., the difference between assets and liabilities, are a measure of financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Net assets increase both when revenues exceed expenses and when the Authority's assets increase without a corresponding increase to the Authority's liabilities. Beginning with 2008 the Authority has an asset subject to depreciation that would under normal circumstances have a negative impact on net position. Depreciation decreases the Authority's net position even though it is a non-cash expense.

The third and final required financial statement, the *Statement of Cash Flows*, provides information about the Authority's cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and capital and non-capital financing activities. It also provides information regarding sources of cash, uses of cash, and the changes in the cash balance during the reporting period.

		Table 1			
Cor	idensed Stat	ement of I	Net Position	1	
	2019	2019	2019	2018	2017
ASSETS	General Fund	TDF Fund	Total	Total	Total
Current Assets:					
Cash and Equivalents	2,657,200	1,050,036	3,707,235	3,309,481	2,680,520
State of New Jersey Receivable	84,044	-	84,044	85,095	58,813
Municipal Flat Tax Receivable	-	535	535	3,605	290,170
Event Income Receivable	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid Assets	5,836	-	5,836	-	
Deferred Outflows	28,754		28,754	51,367	73,63
Capital Assets	431,601	-	431,601	485,551	539,50
Total Assets	3,207,434	1,050,571	4,258,005	3,935,099	3,642,64
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	142,326	56,540	198,866	172,403	68,75
Contractual Obligations Payable	-		-	4,835	18,67
Restricted Liabilities	33,873		33,873	31,937	30,56
Net Pension Liability	188,079		188,079	220,509	331,40
Deferred Inflows	83,382		83,382	74,916	
Long Term Debt Outstanding	249,623		249,623	283,449	315,36
Total Liabilities	697,283	56,540	753,823	788,049	764,76
NET POSITION:					
Investment In Capital Assets					
Net of Debt	148,105		148,105	170,165	193,58
Restricted		1,313,894	1,313,894	1,176,194	1,078,13
Unrestricted	2,042,183		2,042,183	1,532,532	1,532,53
Total Net Position	2,190,288	1,313,894	3,504,182	3,147,050	2,877,88
Total Liabilities & Net Position	2,887,571	1,370,434	4,258,005	3,935,099	3,642,64

Financial Analysis

Analysis of Net Position

The Authority's assets exceeded its liabilities at the end of December 31, 2019, by approximately \$3,504,182 compared to \$3,147,050 in 2018. Of this amount, approximately \$2,042,183 was unrestricted and available to be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations to its customers and creditors. The remaining \$1,313,894 was restricted for the funding of local events and event support.

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Condensed				nses, a	nd	
	<u> </u>	In Net Po				
For The Period	Ended Dec	cember 3	1, 2019, 2	018 an	d 2017	
	2019	2019	2019	%	2018	2017
	General Func		Total	Inc/(Dec)	Total	Total
Operating Revenues:						
2% Tourism Tax	531,083	-	531,083	7%	496,083	475,754
1.85% Room Tax	2,095,506	-	2,095,506	6%	1,980,740	1,999,122
Tourism Development Fees	-	1,227,539	1,227,539	-3%	1,268,012	1,145,079
Other Revenues	4,762	-	4,762	41%	3,369	25,529
Total Operating Revenues	2,631,351	1,227,539	3,858,889	3%	3,748,204	3,645,484
0						
Operating Expenses:	00.500		00.504		00.000	400.057
Personnel	83,503	-	83,504	-3%	86,238	138,057
Administrative	30,113	350	30,463		32,039	53,254
Advertising & Promotions Event Support	1,022,666	68,819 941,530	1,091,485 941,530	0% -3%	1,093,891 971,815	1,016,141 906,590
Professional Fees	61,981	941,530	151,981	-3%		137,574
City of Wildwood	233,190	90,000	233,190	-7%	163,189 233,190	233,190
1.85% Tax Distribution	931,157	-	931,157	7%	873,776	861,605
Depreciation Expense	53,950		53,950	0%	53,950	53,950
Depreciation Expense	55,850		55,550	0 /0	55,550	55,850
Total Operating Expenses	2,416,560	1,100,699	3,517,260	0%	3,508,089	3,400,361
For a sportating Expenses	2,410,000	1,100,000	0,017,200	070	3,300,000	3,400,301
Operating Income	214,791	126,840	341,629	-42%	240,115	245,123
-,						
Non Operating Revenue						
Interest Income	16,377	10,860	27,237	15%	23,694	11,716
Interest Expense	(13,087)	-	(13,087)	9%	(14,441)	(15,743)
Total Non Operating Revenue	3,290	10,860	14,150	-53%	9,253	(4,028)
Change In Net Position	218,081	137,700	355,779	43%	249,368	241,095
Prior Period Adjustment		-			1,610	(800)
	4.070.050	4 470 404	0.447.050	0.04	0.000.074	0.055 770
Net Position - Beginning of Year	1,970,856	1,176,194	3,147,050	9%	2,896,074	2,655,778
Nat Desition End of Veer	0.400.007	1 242 004	2 500 020	4.40/	2 4 4 7 0 5 4	0.006.074
Net Position - End of Year	2,188,937	1,313,894	3,502,830	11%	3,147,051	2,896,074

Analysis of Changes in Net Assets

The Authority's 2019 total net position improved 11% as compared to 2018. 2019 was the fifth consecutive year since 2007 that both of the Authority's funds generated income from operations in the same year. The General Fund had net income of \$218,081 while the TDF fund generated net income of \$137,700. The main reason for being able to achieve these numbers is because over the 5 years our tax collections have gone up approximately 11% while our operating expenses and our budgets have remained stable. If a similar trend continues in 2020 we believe that in order to stay competitive in the marketplace and maintain one of the Authority's main objectives' which is growing the number of visitors to the Wildwoods we will need to consider increasing and expanding our destination advertising campaigns. On the TDF side the Authority will continue to look at events that can help promote the image of the Wildwoods while attracting visitors and appealing to different demographics.

Operating and Non Operating Revenues

General Fund

The Authority's revenue streams increased slightly from 2018. The 2% tax was up 9% compared to 2018 or \$416,126. The 1.85% tax was up by 6% or \$114,765 higher than our 2018 totals. It should be noted that our 2% 2019 tax collections were the best on record. Other Revenues were up 41% compared to 2018 with a total of \$4,762 being collected versus \$3,369 in 2018. These revenues are primarily made up from the sale of our mailing lists to local hotels.

TDF Fund

The Authority's revenue stream from the TDF's were down 3% in 2019. On a town by town basis the Borough of Wildwood Crest's collections decreased 2% over 2018 while the collections from the City of Wildwood decreased 4% and the City of North Wildwood dropped 2%.

Authority-wide Expenses

Operating expenses increased by only \$9,171 during the year, primarily due to more money being spent in one of our large budget line items, the 1.85% tax distribution to the Cities. In total, operating expenses amounted to \$3,517,260 as compared to \$3,503,613 in 2018. A detailed analysis of operating expenses follows:

- Personnel expenses saw a decrease of 3% in 2019.
- Administrative expenses decreased by 5% in 2019.
- Advertising and promotions expenses were \$1,091,485 in 2019 as compared to \$1,093,891 in 2018. The Authority anticipates running the fall campaign again in 2020 based on the success of the 2019 campaign.
- Event Support spending decreased from \$971,815 in 2018 to \$941,530 in 2019, an increase of \$30,285 or 3%.
- Professional Fees amounted to \$151,981 in 2019 as compared to \$163,189 in 2018 an decrease of \$11,208 or 7%. \$90,000 of this amount is for collection fees paid to the

municipalities that remained the same as in 2018. In 2019, the authority continued the process for the development of a host hotel, as well as a Grand Entry Project and C-5 initiative which accounted for the increase in expenses within the professional fee category.

- As part of the Omnibus agreement to build the Convention Center, the Authority agreed to fund the annual lease payment of the parking lots to the City of Wildwood. The agreement states that the amount owed be adjusted for inflation every 10 years. The first adjustment took place in 2012 increasing the amount owed from \$183,000 to \$233,190 annually. The current payment will be made through 2021.
- In 2019 the 1.85% tax distribution amounts to \$931,157. This amount is \$57,381 more than in 2018. In 2019 the distribution is only limited by the permitted percentage of the 1.85% tax. Since the tourism development fee collections exceeded the allowable amount permitted for disbursement to the Municipalities there is no limitation imposed.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	2019 <u>General Fund</u>	2019 TDF Fund	2019 <u>Total</u>	2018 <u>Total</u>	2017 <u>Total</u>
2% Tourism tax	539.098	-	539.098	482.813	467.357
1.85% Room Tax	2.088.541		2,088,541	1,967,728	1,977,580
Tourism Development Fees	-	1,230,609	1,230,609	1,554,582	1,557,988
Other Receipts	4,762	-	4,762	3,369	25,529
Payments to Vendors	(1,408,911)	(1,011,613)	(2,420,524)	(2,380,631)	(2,273,397)
Payments to Municipalities	(936,993)	(90,000)	(1,026,993)	(977,619)	(1,187,478)
Net Cash provided by					
Operating Activities	286,498	128,996	415,494	650,243	567,579
Cash Flows from (to) Capital Financing Activities Principal Paid On Capital Debt Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(31,890) (13,087)		(31,890) (13,087)	(30,535) (14,441)	(29,233) (15,743)
Net Cash used by Capital					
Financing Activities	(44,977)	-	(44,977)	(44,977)	(44,977)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Income	16,377	10,860	27,237	23,694	11,716
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	257,898	139,856	397,754	628,961	534,318
Cash & Cash Equivalents at January 1	2,386,285	923,196	3,309,481	2,680,520	2,146,201
Cash & Cash Equivalents					
at December 31	2,644,183	1,063,052	3,707,235	3,309,481	2,680,520

Table 3 Condensed Statement of Cash Flows December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017

Analysis of Cash Flows:

The Authority made all of its contractual payments on time and in the required amounts.

Of the \$3.7 million in cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2019, \$2.6 million is available for operations and current obligations. The remaining \$1.1 million has been reserved or restricted for the funding of local events and event support.

Analysis of Cash Flows

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Of the \$3.7 million in cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2019, \$2.6 million is available for operations and current obligations. The remaining \$1.1 million has been reserved or restricted for the funding of local events and event support.

Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority board members, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact either the Authority's Executive Director or Finance Manager at the Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority 4501 Boardwalk, Wildwood NJ 08260, telephone 609-729-9000.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31

	-	2019	2018
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,707,235 \$	3,309,481
Accounts Receivable:			
State of New Jersey Tourism Tax		26,712	34,727
State of New Jersey Room Tax		57,332	50,368
Flat Tax Assessments		535	3,605
Prepaid Expenses	-	5,836	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	3,797,650	3,398,181
CAPITAL ASSETS:			
Property, Plant and Equipment	-	431,601	485,551
TOTAL PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	-	431,601	485,551
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	4,229,251 \$	3,883,732
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred Outflows - Expected vs Actual Experience		3,376	4,205
Deferred Outflows - Assumption Change		18,780	36,336
Deferred Outflows - Expected vs Actual Earnings		-	-
Deferred Outflows - Proportion Change	-	6,598	10,826
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	-	28,754	51,367
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW			
OF RESOURCES	-	4,258,005	3,935,099

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31

	2019			2018
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM				
UNRESTRICTED ASSETS:				
Accounts Payable - Operations	\$	198,866	\$	172,403
Contractual Obligations Payable	_	-		4,835
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE				
FROM UNRESTRICTED ASSETS		198,866	·	177,238
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM				
RESTRICTED ASSETS:				
Accrued Interest Payable		-		-
Current Maturities of Long-term Debt	_	33,873	· _	31,937
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE				
FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS	_	33,873	· —	31,937
LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS:				
Long Term Portion of Loan Payable		249,623		283,449
Net Pension Liability		188,079	· -	220,509
TOTAL LIABILITIES		670,441		713,133
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Change in Assumption		831		1,137
Deferred Inflows - Assumption Change		65,281		70,507
Deferred Inflows - Expected vs Actual Earnings		2,969		2,068
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Change in Proportion		14,301		1,204
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		83,382		74,916
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW				
OF RESOURCES	_	753,823	=	788,049
NET POSITION				
Net Invested in Capital Assets		148,105		170,165
Restricted for:				
Tourism Development		1,313,894		1,176,194
Unrestricted	_	2,042,183		1,800,691
TOTAL NET POSITION		3,504,182		3,147,050
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	4,258,005	\$	3,935,099

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

<u>GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT</u> <u>AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND</u> <u>CHANGES IN NET POSITION</u> <u>DECEMBER 31</u>

		2019	2018
OPERATING REVENUES:			
2% Room Tax from State of New Jersey	\$	531,083 \$	496,083
1.85% Tourism Tax from State of New Jersey	Ŧ	2,095,506	1,980,740
Tourism Development Fees		1,227,539	1,268,012
Other Income	_	4,762	3,369
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		3,858,890	3,748,204
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Personnel		83,504	86,238
Administrative		30,463	32,039
Advertising and Promotions		1,091,485	1,093,891
Event Support		941,530	971,815
Professional Fees		61,981	73,189
TDF Collection Fees		90,000	90,000
City of Wildwood - Parking Lot Lease		233,190	233,190
1.85% Tax Distribution		931,157	873,777
Depreciation		53,950	53,950
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		3,517,260	3,508,089
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS		341,630	240,115
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Interest Income		27,237	23,694
Interest Expense		(13,087)	(14,441)
TOTAL NONOPERTATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		14,150	9,253
Change in Net Position		355,780	249,368
Prior Period Adjustment		1,352	1,609
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		3,147,050	2,896,073
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	3,504,182 \$	3,147,050

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS DECEMBER 31

	_	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
2% Tourism Tax	\$	539,098 \$	482,813
1.85% Room tax	Ŧ	2,088,542	1,967,728
Tourism Development Fees		1,230,609	1,554,583
Other Receipts		4,762	3,369
Payments to Suppliers and Vendors		(2,420,524)	(2,380,631)
Payments to Municipalities	_	(1,026,993)	(977,619)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		415,494	650,243
CASH ACTIVITIES FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(31,890)	(30,535)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	_	(13,087)	(14,441)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(44,977)	(44,976)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Interest Income	_	27,237	23,694
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	27,237	23,694
Net increase/(decreases) in cash and cash equivalents		397,754	628,961
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1	_	3,309,481	2,680,520
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$ _	3,707,235 \$	3,309,481
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating (Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	\$	341,630 \$	240,115
net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	-	53,950	53,950
Changes in assets and liabilities:		395,580	294,065
Receivables, net		(1,715)	260,289
Pension Liabilities		(1,351)	4,476
Accounts and other payables	_	22,980	91,413
	\$	415,494 \$	650,243

The Acompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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<u>GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018</u>

1. <u>GENERAL</u>

The Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority, hereinafter called the "Authority," was created by ordinances adopted by the City of Wildwood, the City of North Wildwood, and the Borough of Wildwood Crest. The Authority was established July 1, 1993.

The objectives and purposes of the Authority shall be "to provide appropriate public facilities and improvements necessary to promote and sustain tourism, to finance the acquisition, maintenance, operation and support of convention center facilities and to promote and advertise the Greater Wildwoods as a tourist destination in order to enhance the local tourism climate."

Funds are provided through a 2% tourism tax and a 1.85% room tax collected by the State of New Jersey. An annual Tourism Development Fee is also collected. The annual Tourism Development Fee is collected by the three municipalities from local businesses not subject to the sales and tourism tax and paid over to the Authority. Fifty percent (50%) of the 1.85% room tax received by the Authority is payable to the three municipalities referred to above in the first paragraph.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Basis of Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared on a full accrual basis in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to enterprise funds of state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting Entity

The Authority's financial statements include the accounts of all operations of the Authority. As set forth in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 14, as amended by GASB 61, financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either the ability to impose will by the primary government or the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. The Authority issues separate financial statements from the municipalities of the Wildwoods and is not a component unit of any other entity.

The Authority has adopted GASB No. 1 through 66 and related interpretations issued through December 31, 2019. GASB statement 34 and subsequent Statements and Interpretations require certain terminology, format and content, as well as inclusion of management's discussion and analysis supplementary information. GASB statement 63 requires that new terminology be used. The term "Net Assets" is replaced with "Net Position".

C. <u>Budget/Budgetary Control</u>

An annual budget is prepared each year for the operations of the Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority. The budget is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Unexpended appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at year-end.

<u>GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018</u> (CONTINUED)

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

D. <u>Revenues</u>

Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

E. Expenses

Expenses are recognized on the accrual basis and are recognized in the period incurred, if measurable. The encumbrance method of accounting is not acceptable for financial reporting under GAAP and is not used.

F. Capital Assets

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available.

Depreciation will be determined on a straight-line basis for all plant and equipment. Depreciation will be provided over the following estimated useful lives of the assets

The cost and accumulated depreciation of all property, plant and equipment retired or otherwise disposed of are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in income.

G. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Authority's investments practices are governed by New Jersey State Statute 40A:5-15. Statutes authorize the Authority to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, passbooks, bankers' acceptances, and other available bank investments provided that approved securities are pledged to secure those funds on deposit in an amount equal to the amount of those funds and a maturity date not greater than 12 months from the date of purchase. In addition, the Authority can invest in direct debt securities of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States, bonds and other obligations of the local Authority or bonds or obligations of school Authoritys of which the Authority is a part or within which the Authority is located unless such investments are expressly prohibited by law.

H. Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Effective

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87 "Leases". This statement, which is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2019, may have an effect on the City's financial reporting.

In April 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 88 " Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements". This statement, which is effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2018, will not have any an effect on the City's financial reporting.

In June 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period". This statement, which is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2019, will not have any an effect on the City's financial reporting.

GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (CONTINUED) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Effective (Continued)

In May 2019, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations". This statement, which is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2020, will not have any an effect on the City's financial reporting.

In January 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 92 "Omnibus 2020". This statement, which is effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2020, will not have any an effect on the City's financial reporting.

3. LONG-TERM DEBT

2.

Rio Grande Project Resolution

The Greater Wildwoods Tourism, Improvement and Development Authority adopted a resolution on June 16, 2005, authorizing the funding in the amount of \$600,000 for the development of an entryway at Rio Grande Avenue. The funding for this project was approved by the Local Finance Board of the State of New Jersey on October 12, 2005.

Loan Dated March 21, 2007

\$600,000 Bank Loan, dated March 21, 2007, due in 240 monthly payments through April 1, 2027 bearing interest at 4.290%, payable on the first day of the month commencing on May 1, 2007. As security for the loan, in the event of a default, the Authority has pledged to the Bank, all rights, title and interest in and to cash generated by the Authority's 1.85% tourism tax on all goods and services sold in the City of Wildwood. The balance remaining as of December 31, 2018 is \$315,386. The loan is with Crest Savings Bank.

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<u>GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018</u> (CONTINUED)

3. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE FOR PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST FOR LOANS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING

Year		Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$	33,873	\$	11,703	\$	45,576
2021		34,784		10,192		44,976
2022		36,328		8,649		44,977
2023		37,939		7,037		44,976
2024		39,607		5,370		44,977
2025-2027		101,562		5,521		107,083
	-					
Total	\$_	284,093	\$	48,472	\$	332,565

The following schedule represents the changes in the Long-term Debt:

	,	Outstanding 12/31/2018	 Issues or Additions	Payments or Expenditures	Outstanding 12/31/2019	-	Amounts Due Within One Year
Loans Payable	\$	315,386	\$ \$	31,293	\$ 284,093	\$	33,873
	\$	315,386	\$ \$	31,293	\$ 284,093	\$	33,873

4. <u>NEW JERSEY SPORTS AND EXPOSITION AUTHORITY</u>

On December 23, 1997, Governor Whitman signed legislation that named the New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority (NJSEA) as the Authority to construct the convention center facility in the Wildwoods.

This legislation became effective on February 23, 1998. As of this effective date, The Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority was to turn over all of its assets to the Sports Authority. The Sports Authority would also assume all of GWTIDA's liabilities.

GWTIDA's staff personnel are employed by the New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority and are paid by the New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority. GWTIDA reimburses the NJSEA for three employees who work on GWTIDA activities. GWTIDA's mission is to advertise, promote and enhance tourism in the Wildwoods. NJSEA's mission is to own, operate, construct and maintain the convention facility.
<u>GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018</u> (CONTINUED)

5. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets,not being depreciated: Construction in Progress \$ Total capital assets not being depreciated		\$\$	\$_	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Improvements \$ Total capital assets being depreciated	<u> </u>	\$\$_	\$_	1,077,859
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	592,308	53,950		646,258
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated Net of Accumulated Depreciation	485,551	(53,950)	-	431,601
Capital Assets - Net \$	485,551	\$(53,950)_\$	\$	431,601

6. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits might not be recovered. Although the Authority does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. Of the Authority's bank balance of \$3,732,563.34 as of December 31, 2019, \$0 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Authority had no investments.

7. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS

Substantially all of the Authority's employees participate in the Public Employees' Retirement System, which is administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. The plan has a Board of Trustees that is primarily responsible for its administration. According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of the System will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the system terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the systems. This report may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pension and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625 report internet or the can be accessed on the at http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrprts.shtml.

GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND <u>DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018</u> (CONTINUED) RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

7. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Plan Descriptions</u> - The Public Employees' Retirement System was established in January, 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full time employees of the State or any county, Authority, school Authority or public agency provided the employee is not required to be a member of another State-administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by State statute. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007, plan members enrolled in the PERS are required to contribute 7.50% through June 30, 2019, and 7.50% thereafter, of employees' annual compensation as defined. The State Treasurer has the right under current law to make temporary reductions in member rates based on the existence of surplus pension assets in the retirement system; however, statute also requires the return to normal rate when such surplus assets not longer exist.

8. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS)

At December 31, 2019, the Authority reported a liability of \$188,079 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Authority's proportion was 0.001043810350%, which was a decrease of 6.80% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$8,802. At December 31, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expended and actual experience	\$	3,376	831	
Changes of assumptions		18,780	65,281	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			2,969	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,598	14,301	
Total	\$	28,754	83,382	

<u>GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018</u> (CONTINUED) 8. <u>PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS) – (Continued)</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ (6,322) (20,510) (18,314) (8,599)
2024	(883)
Total	\$ (54,628)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2019 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. This actuarial valuation used the following assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation rate	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary increases:	
Through 2026	2.00% – 6.00% (based on years of service)
Thereafter	3.00% - 7.00% (based on years of service)
Investment rate of return:	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 200 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disable retirees were base on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2019) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term

<u>GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018</u> (CONTINUED) 8. <u>PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS) – (Continued)</u>

expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00%	4.67%
Cash equivalents	5.00%	2.00%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	2.68%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	4.25%
High yield	2.00%	5.37%
Private credit	6.00%	7.92%
Real assets	2.50%	9.31%
Real estate	7.50%	8.33%
US equity	28.00%	8.26%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	12.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.37%
Private equity	12.00%	10.85%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.28% as of June 30, 2019. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.50% as of June 30, 2019, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on 70% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2057. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2057 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

<u>GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018</u> (CONTINUED) 8. <u>PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS) – (Continued)</u>

Sensitivity of the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.28%, as well as what the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.28%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.28%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current Discount		1%
	Decrease		Rate	Increase
	 (5.28%)		(6.28%)	(7.28%)
Municipality's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 225,726	\$	188,079	\$ 156,393

Pension plan fiduciary net position.

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

9. NET POSITION

Of the \$3,504,182 Net Position at December 31, 2019, \$148,105 represents Investments in Capital Assets, \$1,313,894 is Restricted for Tourism Development and \$2,042,183 is Unrestricted.

10. LITIGATION

According to the Authority's Solicitor, there are no claims in existence against the Authority that would materially effect the Authority's financial position.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

<u>Property, and Liability Insurance</u> – The Authority maintains commercial insurance for property, liability and surety bonds.

From time to time, the Authority may be a defendant in legal proceedings relating to its operations as an authority.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed and evaluated all events and transactions that occurred between December 31, 2019 through July 21, 2020, the date that the financial statements were issued for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements, and no items have come to the attention of the Authority that would require disclosure.

GENERAL COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Directors The Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority Wildwood, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of The Greater Wildwoods Tourism Improvement and Development Authority, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 21, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ford, Scott & Associates, L.L.C. FORD. SCOTT & ASSOCIATES. L.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Leon P. Costello

Leon P. Costello Certified Public Accountant Registered Municipal Accountant No. 393

July 21, 2020

GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2019

I. <u>SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS</u>

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified Opinion	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
1) Material Weakness identified?	NO	
2) Significant Deficiencies identified?	NO	
Non-Compliance material to Financial Statements noted?	NO	

II. FINDINGS RELATING TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHICH ARE REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, our audit disclosed no findings relating to the financial statements that are required to be reported under this section.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSES

Management is required to respond to findings and recommendations in the audit report. A corrective action plan is required to be filed with the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey within 45 days of the filing of this report, if any findings and recommendations are noted in the audit report.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no prior year findings.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT <u>AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUES AND COSTS FUNDED BY</u> <u>OPERATING REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET</u> <u>YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019</u> WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

			Years Ended		
	 Decen 20	nber)19	31		December 31, 2018
	 Revised Budget		Actual		Actual
REVENUES:					
2% Tourism Tax	\$ 450,000	\$	531,083	\$	496,083
1.85% Room Tax	1,850,000		2,095,506		1,980,740
Tourism Flat Tax	1,084,000		1,227,539		1,268,012
Interest on Investments Miscellaneous	14,000		27,237		23,694
MISCEIIAITEOUS	 7,000		4,762	-	3,369
	\$ 3,405,000	\$	3,886,127	\$	3,771,898
EXPENSES:					
Salaries and Fringe	\$ 138,200	\$	83,503	\$	86,238
Operating Costs	2,153,200		2,063,480		2,187,745
Professional Fees	55,000		151,981		73,189
Contractual Obligations	 1,158,190		1,164,347		1,106,967
Total costs funded by operating revenues	 3,504,590		3,463,311		3,454,139
Interest Expense	 13,500		13,087		14,441
Other Costs Funded By Operating Revenues:					
Principal Maturity	 32,000		53,950		53,950
	 32,000		53,950		53,950
Total costs funded by operating revenues	3,550,090		3,530,348		3,522,530
Add: Excess	 (145,090)	<u> </u>	355,779		249,368
	\$ 3,405,000	\$	3,886,127	\$	3,771,898

<u>GREATER WILDWOODS TOURISM IMPROVEMENT</u> <u>AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> <u>ROSTER OF OFFICIALS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2019</u>

Tom Byrne	Wildwood	Board Chairperson
Brendan Sciarra	Wildwood	Board Member
Joe Murray, Jr.	Wildwood	Board Member
Jim Barnabei	North Wildwood	Board Member
George Greenland	North Wildwood	Board Vice-Chairperson
William Bumbernick	North Wildwood	Board Member
Jack Morey	Wildwood Crest	Board Member
Robert Patterson	Wildwood Crest	Board Member
Bruce Hamlin	Wildwood Crest	Board Member
Jeffrey Vasser	State of New Jersey	Board Member
John Siciliano		Executive Director, Chief Financial Officer
Jeffery April		Solicitor

All employees are covered by an "Employee Dishonesty Bond" to the limits of \$400,000 for the policy period. This policy is with Zurich American Insurance Company. There is also a Directors and Officers Liability policy with Great American Insurance Company with a limit of \$2,000,000.